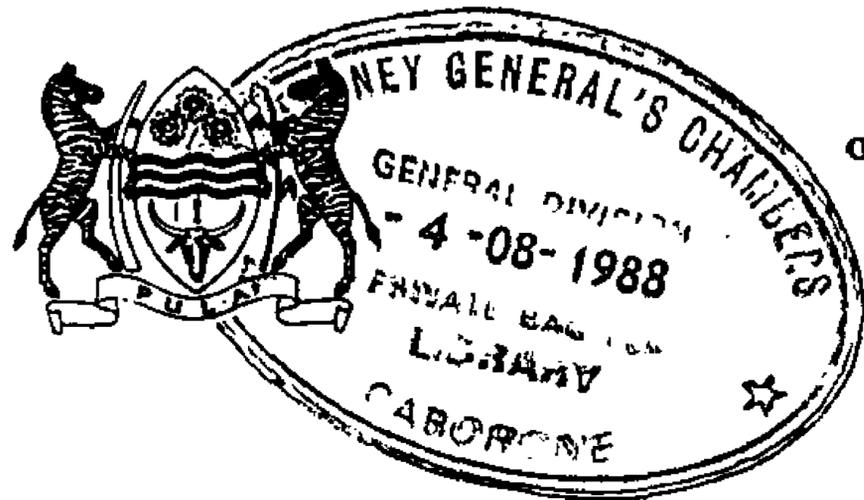


TRIBAL LAND (AMENDMENT) ACT, 1987

No. 15



of 1987

ARRANGEMENT OF SECTIONS

SECTION

1. Short title
2. Amendment of Third Schedule to Cap. 32:02

An Act to amend the Tribal Land Act

Date of Assent: 3.8.87

Date of Commencement: 7.8.87

ENACTED by the Parliament of Botswana.

1. This Act may be cited as the Tribal Land (Amendment) Act, 1987. Short title
2. The Third Schedule to the Tribal Land Act relating to Chobe Tribal Area is hereby amended by substituting for that Schedule the following new Schedule — Amendment of Third Schedule to Cap. 32:02

"THIRD SCHEDULE CHOBE TRIBAL AREA

1. Commencing at a point 'S', being a point on the International Boundary between Botswana and Namibia (Caprivi Strip), due north of a beacon situated on the northern end of Firebreak No. 19 at Ngoma, the boundary runs due south to the said beacon being point 'T'; thence southwards along the eastern edge of the said Firebreak for approximately 34 km to a point approximately 1.7 km due east of Namuchira Pan, being point 'U'; thence due west for 1.7 km to the said Namuchira Pan, being point 'V'; thence generally southwestwards and southwards along the western edge of the Namuchira Valley to a point at Sikiylana Pan at the confluence of the Namuchira Valley and the Molapowadiphofu, being point 'W'; thence in a generally southwesterly direction along the valley now known as Kashaba to a beacon Chobe 3 in the Nxunxutsha Pan at Latitude 18°29' 14S and Longitude 24°32'

32E being point 'X'; thence west-northwestwards up a cut-line for approximately 41 km to a beacon Chobe 2 in Sisuma Pan Latitude 18 21' 43S and Longitude 24 10' 32E, being point 'Y'; thence in a west-northwesterly direction up a cut-line for approximately 28 km to a point 'Z', being a point on the International Boundary between Botswana and Namibia (Caprivi Strip), approximately 5 km east of the intersection of the eastern boundary of the Batawana Tribal Territory with the said International Boundary; thence along the said International Boundary in a north easterly and easterly direction to point 'S', being the point of commencement as will more fully appear on Plan BP 205 E deposited with the Director of Surveys and Lands.

2. Commencing at point A, being a point on the International Boundary between the Republic of Botswana and the Caprivi Strip and being also the northeast corner of Kasane Township, the boundary follows the said International Boundary in an easterly direction to the point of intersection with the International Boundary between the Republics of Botswana and Zimbabwe, being point B; thence generally southeastwards along the said International Boundary to the point of intersection with parallel of Latitude 19 S, being point C; thence due west along the said latitude to the point of intersection with approximately Longitude 24 50' 42.6E, being the point of intersection of the prolongation of a cut-line from the northeast being point D; thence in a north-northeast direction for approximately 11.8 km to the southern most point of the said cut-line forming the eastern boundary of the Chobe National Park, being point F; thence in a northerly direction for approximately 50.8 km to a beacon marked Chobe Game Reserve situated on the south side of the Ngwezumba Bridge-Nunga River road, being point G; thence along the southern side of the aforesaid road in an easterly direction for 27 km to point H; thence in straight line in northwesterly direction for approximately 28 km to a point on the northern edge of the Kakulwane Seloko, being point J; thence a generally southwesterly direction for approximately 7,6 km along the northern edge of the Seloko to the point of intersection by the cut-line defining the boundary of the Chobe National Park, approximately 500 metres north-northeast of Makororo Pan, being Point K; thence northwards for approximately 17,6 km to a beacon on the south side of the Lesomo-Ngwezumba Bridge road, being point L; thence northeastwards for approximately 21,3 km to the point of intersection of Firebreaks No. 17 and No. 8, being point M; thence generally northwestwards along the western boundary of the aforesaid Firebreak No. 8, following the Sidudu Valley, for approximately 7,3 km to the point of intersection with Firebreak No. 6, being Point N; thence northeast along the northern edge of the aforesaid firebreak No. 6 for approximately 2,2 km to the point of intersection with Firebreak No. 7, being point O; thence in a northwesterly direction along the western edge of the aforesaid Firebreak No. 7 for approximately 2 km to the point of intersection with Firebreak No. 2, being point P; thence generally northeastwards along the western and northern edge of the aforementioned Firebreak No. 2 for approximately 4 km to the point of intersection of the said Firebreak No. 2 with the southern edge of Firebreak No. 5, approximately 5 metres south of Beacon KRM 29AS, where the direct line between beacon TS3 and beacon B of Lot 2 Kasane vide diagram No. DSL 5667/61, is intersected, being point Q; thence along the southern edge of the said Firebreak No. 5 in a southeasterly direction to the beacon TS3 coordinates $Y=-16696.59$ $X=1969$ 864.10 , at the intersection of the said Firebreak No. 5 with the northern edge of the Kazungula/Ngoma bridge road, being point R; thence along the northern edge of the said Kazungula/Ngoma bridge road in generally north easterly direction to a beacon TS2, coordinates $Y=-18002.00$ $X=1968$ 518.54 at the junction with the

northern edge of Firebreak No. 2, being point S; thence in an easterly direction along the northern edge of the said Firebreak No. 2 to a beacon FR23, coordinates $Y=-19349.34$ $X=1968\ 065.90$, being point T; thence up cut-line in northwesterly direction to a beacon TS1 on the northern edge of the Kazungula/Ngomoma bridge road, coordinates $Y=-19199.01$ $X=1967\ 524.08$, being point U; thence in an easterly direction along the northern edge of the said Kazungula/Ngomoma Bridge road, to a beacon KRM14AS situated at the junction with the Kazungula/Kasane Road, coordinates $Y=-19611.86$ $X=1967\ 468.88$, being point V; thence up a cut-line in a northerly direction to beacon C of Lot 706 Kasane, vide diagram DSL 149/80, coordinates $Y=-19586.86$ $X=1966\ 967.96$, being point W; thence continuing in the same direction along the prolongation of this line to the point of intersection with the International Boundary between the Republic of Botswana and the Caprivi Strip, being the point of Commencement. As will more fully appear on Plan BP. 205 (c) deposited with the Director of Surveys and Lands, Gaborone. Coordinates are in metres on Trigonometrical System Lo 25."

PASSED by the National Assembly this 29th day of June, 1987.

C.G. MOKOBI,
Clerk of the National Assembly.